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approach wherein structures and mate	erials would be designed as a	system. This is moti-	vated by the fact tha	t in an aircraft the
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pathway that will bring physical and microstructural material information into the realm of structural design will be developed.

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# MULTISCALE ANALYSIS OF AEROSPACE COMPOSITES

AFOSR GRANT F49620-97-0090

Final Report

Jacob Fish, Professor

Civil, Mechanical, Aerospace Engineering and Information Technology

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

#### **Summary of Work**

Developed experimentally calibrated predictive computer modeling capabilities that bridge the multiple material and structural scales and thereby significantly reduce development costs. This allows an integrated approach wherein structures and materials can be designed as a system. This goal is motivated by the fact that in an aircraft the behavior of structure is governed by both material and structural response; often these two levels are highly coupled. The pathway that will bring physical and microstructural material information into the realm of structural design has been developed.

We considered the range of length and time scales spanning more than 10 orders of magnitude with different multiphysics involved at each level. We reliably predicted evolution of progressive damage from the scale of material heterogeneity to the scale of structural components. We applied the multiscale computational technology to aircraft engines (Allison Engines AE2100, GE90) and advanced DOD airframes (HSCT, JSF).

We developed a multiscale computational technology aimed at modeling structural response at three or more different scales including: (i) the global scale (structural level), (ii) the local scale (component level), and (iii) the material scale (the level of microconstituents). Multiple scale expansion method incorporating damage (for CMCs) and eigenstrains (for polymer composites) has been developed to provide the theoretical framework for the multiscale computational model. Multilevel solution technology with mechanism-based inter-scale transfer operators has been also developed. Rapid nonlinear solution techniques which are optimal in terms of robustness and speed have been developed. The multilevel solver developed selects and monitors an optimal solution strategy based on the problem data and feedback received from the convergence of the multilevel process. Modeling error estimators aimed at quantifying the quality of the numerical and mathematical models and steering construction multiscale computational models have been also developed. Developed of system identification procedures for in-situ characterization of phases and their interfaces has just begun. This procedures are critical for calibration of multiscale models to experimental data since a direct estimation of in-situ properties is not feasible.

### Accomplishments - Technology Transfer

# 1. Design of AE2100 Tailcone for Allison Engines

Contacts:

Dr. Durell Wildman, Allison Engines Company,

Tel: (317) 230-5670, e-mail: <u>Durell.Wildman@aadc.com</u>

Dr. Larry P. Zawada, Wright-Patterson AFB,

Tel: 237-255-1352, e-mail: ZAWADLP@ML.WPAFB.AF.MIL

Dr. Allan Katz, Wright-Patterson AFB

Dr. William Coblenz, DARPA

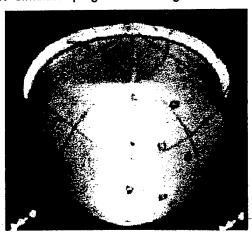
Tel: (703) 696-2288, e-mail: wcoblenz@darpa.mil

Accomplishments: (weight savings ~20%)

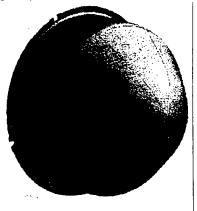
1.1 Selected optimal micro-mechanical architecture (see Figure 1)

1.2 Material properties predicted were in good agreement with experimental data (see Figure 2)

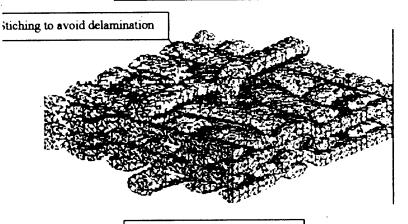
1.3 Simulated progressive damage in AE2100 tailcone (in progress)



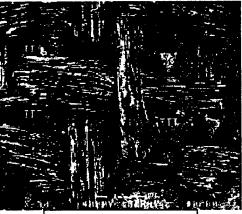
AE2100 manufactured at Northrop-Grumman



CAD model of AE2100



Optimized FE microstructure



Fabricated Microstructure

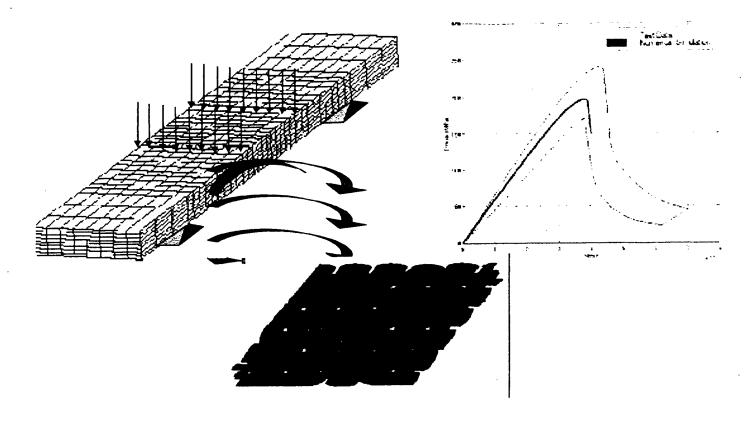


Figure 2: 4-point bend test and comparison with test data

# 2. Advanced airframe design (will start on September 18th, 1998)

Contact:

Dr. Allan Pifko, Northrop Grumman

Tel: (516) 575-1965, E-mail: allan pifko@atdc.northgrum.com

#### 3. Fast solver development

Contact:

Dr. Kent Kothawala, President

**Engineering Mechanics Research Corporation** 

Tel: (248) 689-0077, E-mail: kant@troy.emrc.com

#### Accomplishments

Solver implemented in EMRC commercial software package. Provided speed up of 20 and higher for some industry problems.

#### 4. Prediction of local effects in laminated composites

(SBIR phase I)

Contact:

Dr. N. J. Pagano, Wright Patterson AFB

Tel: (513) 255-6762

Accomplishments

Multiscale computational technology has been applied to predict local effects in laminated composites. Computational results were in good agreement with analytical solution of Pagano.

#### 5. Thermomechanical design of GE90 fan blades

Contact: Dr. P. M. Finnigan, Program Manager, General Electric Company Tel: (518) 387-5404

Accomplishments

Multiscale computational technology has been applied for design of GE90 fan blade subjected to bird impact. Numerical simulation results were found to be in good agreement with experimental data.

6. Multiscale sensitivity analysis

We developed a methodology aimed at determining the sensitivity of the global structural behavior, such deformation or vibration modes with respect to the local characteristics such as material constants of microconstituents. An analytical gradient computation, which involves the direct differentiation of the multiple scale strong forms with respect to the design parameters has been developed. Comparison of the Multiple Scale Sensitivity Analysis (MASA) to the central finite difference (CFD) approximation in terms of accuracy and computation efficiency is carried out. We demonstrated the robustness of the MASA approach compared to the CFD approximation, which has been found to be highly sensitive to the choice of the step size, whose optimal value is problem dependent.

#### 7. Manufacturing of fan blades

Contact: Dr. P. M. Finnigan, Program Manager, General Electric Company Tel: (518) 387-5404

Accomplishments

Multiscale computational technology has been applied to predict wrinkling (on micromechanical level) in compression molding process. The model yielded the time of the onset of wrinkling which agreed well with the experiment conducted at GE. A new thermal/cure manufacturing cycle has been developed which yielded 30% cost savings (Figure 3).



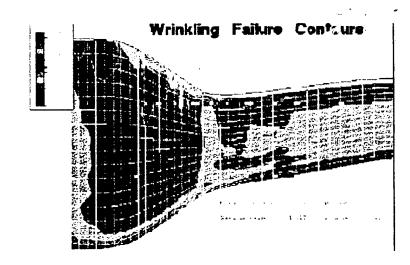


Figure 3: Typical micromechanical failure plots in a fan blade

**Personnel Supported** 

Dr. KamLun Shek, Post-Doc Rolf Wentorf, Research Engineer Qing Yu, PhD student Yong Qu, PhD Student

#### **Publications**

- [1] J. Fish, K. Shek, M. Pandheeradi, and M.S. Shephard, "Computational Plasticity for Composite Structures Based on Mathematical Homogenization: Theory and Practice," Comp. Meth. Appl. Mech. Engng., Vol. 148, pp. 53-73, (1997).
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- [6] J. Fish and K. L. Shek, "Finite Deformation Plasticity of Composite Structures: Computational Models and Adaptive Strategies," submitted to Comp. Meth. Appl. Mech. Engng., (1997).
- [7] R. Wentorf, R. Collar, M.S. Shephard, J. Fish, "Automated Modeling for Complex Woven Mesostructures," Comp. Meth. Appl. Mech. Engng., (1997), in print.
- [8] J. Fish and K.L. Shek, "Computational Aspects of Incrementally Objective Algorithms for Large Deformation Plasticity," International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering, in print (1998).
- [9] J. Fish and K. L. Shek, "Computational Plasticity and Viscoplasticity for Composite Materials and Structures," in print Journal of Composites Part B, (1998).
- [10] J. Fish, A. Suvorov and Y. Qu, "Towards robust two-level methods for indefinite systems," submitted to International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering, (1998).
- [11] J. Fish and V. Korneev, "On Two-Level Methods Based on Aggregation for 3D Problems," submitted to Comp. Meth. Appl. Mech. Engng., (1998).
- [12] J. Fish and K. L. Shek, "Finite Deformation Plasticity Based on the Additive Split of the Rate of Deformation and Hyperelasticity," submitted to Comp. Meth. Appl. Mech. Engng., (1998).
- [13] J. Fish, Q. Yu and K. L. Shek, "Computational Damage Mechanics for Composite Materials Based on Mathematical Homogenization," submitted to International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering, (1998).
- [14] J. Fish and A. Ghouli, "Multiscale Analytical Sensitivity Analysis for Composite Materials," International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering, Vol. 50, pp. 00, (2000).

#### Honors/Awards

Who is Who in Science and Engineering, 1998; Who is Who in America, 1998; Who is Who in the World, 1998; ASME, International Computers in Engineering Conf., Best Paper Award, 1995; USACM Travel Award, 1994; AIAA/SDM, Computational Mechanics, Best Paper, 1993; National Science Foundation Presidential Young Investigator Award, 1992.